India, U.K. call for more funds to tackle diabetes

Two-day summit being organised by the Indo-British Health Initiative

Special Correspondent

CHENNAI: Listening to top government representatives of India and Britain at the Indo UK Diabetes Summit here, it scarcely failed to impress the audience on two counts: firstly, that diabetes is a growing problem of great concern to both nations: and, more interestingly, that the disease deserves a lot than it currently gets.

don't spend the sort of money we should be spending on such diseases." Money, and an indomitable will are stressed the role of governments in prevention of diseases and how politicians could raise the profile of a disease.

Keshay Desiraju, Principal Health Secretary, Union Ministry of Health, said that health policy in India is

- . We don't spend the sort of money we should be spending on such diseases, says UK Minister
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diseases. Perhaps justifiably are on to arrive at an MoU so, given the nations devel- between the two nations, reopment indicators, but the literating areas of common focus also needs to be on interest in the health sector. non-communicable diseases Mr. Desiraju said. more attention and funds as well. While the National Rural Health Mission has fo- the conference and Dr. Mo-Anna Soubry, British cussed on strengthening the han's Diabetes Specialities Health Minister, said: "In primary health care set up, Centre, said India had vast the UK, we have a serious more recently, massive experience in treating diaproblem with diabetes. We screening programmes for betes, and made references should be doing more... We diabetes and hypertension to some seminal research had been initiated, but fol- work conducted in this part low up continues to be an of the country - both in pre-

> ly points that the two leaders agreed on. They also agreed that there were many things that both nations could learn from each other - nursing care, training, treating complications of diabetes, non communicable diseases, research, learnfrom private health care

bring driven by infectious institutions. Preparations V. Mohan, chairman of

vention and treatment. No But these were not the on- doubt it was a health emergency for India, which is estimated to have about 62 million diabetics (according to ICMR Indiab study) and nearly 72 million pre diabetics. Scaling up successful prevention interventions in larger communities would be the way forward.

Andrew Boulton from the summit.

Manchester Royal Infirmary said all projected figures for diabetes in the world are going to be out of date, and the biggest growth is going to be in areas that can least afford them.

An expert in diabetes and its complications, Dr. Boulton said one lesson that the UK had learnt from India was how to look after the diabetic foot.

Mike Nithavrianakis, British Deputy High Commissioner, said the two-day summit being organised by the Indo-British Health Initiative (IBHD, was the largest bilateral health care event between India and the UK.

IBHI founder Prithvi Mohandas said the summit hoped to foster synergy through strategic partnerships between professionals in the health care industry in the field of diabetes between both nations.

Vijay Vishwanathan of the MV Hospital for Diabetes further elaborated on the objectives of holding the



Prithvi Mohandas, founder, Indo British Health Initiative (left): V. Mohan (second left), chairman, Dr. Mohan's Diabetes Specialities Centre; Anna Soubry, U.K. Health Minister; Andrew Boulton (third left), of the Manchester Royal Infirmary: Keshav Desiraju (third right), Principal Secretary, Union Ministry of Health; and Mike Nithavrianakis, British Deputy High Commissioner (right), at the Indo-UK Diabetes Summit in Chennai on Friday. - PHOTO: V. GANESAN